OHIO FY 2016 LIHEAP

PERFORMANCE MEASURES EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

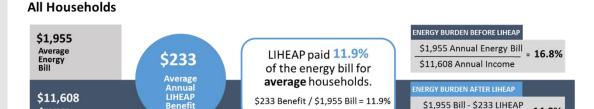
In FY 2016, Ohio furnished LIHEAP bill payment assistance to 405,685 households
They collected energy burden data for 204,863 households (50%)

Does LIHEAP furnish higher benefits to higher burden households?

No. In Ohio, the total LIHEAP benefit received by high burden households in FY 2016 was about **\$26 (11%) less** than the total LIHEAP benefit received by the average recipient household.

Does LIHEAP pay a larger share of the home energy bill for high burden households?

No. In FY 2016, LIHEAP paid **11.9%** of the energy bill for average households in Ohio, while LIHEAP paid **8.0%** of the energy bill for high burden households.

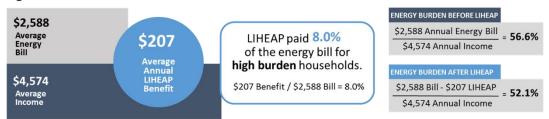


= 14.8%

\$11,608 Annual Income

High Burden Households

Average Income



Prevention and Restoration of Home Energy Service Loss

As a Result of Bill Payment Assistance

Prevention (90%)
Restoration (10%)
128771 Occurrences
13674 Occurrences

As a Result of Equipment Repair or Replacement

Prevention (61%)
252 Occurrences
Restoration (39%)
162 Occurrences

- In FY 2016, LIHEAP benefits in Ohio prevented the loss of service 128,771 times, by stopping threatened utility service disconnections and by delivering fuels to homes that were at risk of running out. In addition, the program repaired or replaced heating or cooling equipment at imminent risk of failure 252 times.
- In FY 2016, LIHEAP benefits restored home energy service 13,674 times for households who had been disconnected by their utility provider or who had run out of fuel oil, propane, or wood. In addition, the program restored home energy service 162 times by repairing or replacing inoperable heating or cooling equipment.